## 症例報告

## 腰部脊柱管狭窄症による下肢症状に対して 桂枝茯苓丸とメキシレチンの併用が有効であった 1 症例

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要旨:腰部脊柱管狭窄症による足底部痛としびれに対して、随証治療と西洋薬の併用法が有効であった症例を報告する.症例は60歳代女性で、足底部痛としびれの訴えがあった.腰部脊柱管狭窄症による症状と診断し、神経ブロック治療や西洋薬による薬物療法を行ったが奏効しなかった.病名治療として牛車腎気丸(TJ-107)を使用したが、効果は得られなかった.随証治療として桂枝茯苓丸(TJ-25)を投与したところ、痛み症状は軽減した.さらに当初は効果が十分でなかったメキシレチンの併用を再開したところしびれ症状の改善を得た.症例に応じて、随証治療と西洋薬の併用法を行うことの有用性を示唆するものである.

索引用語:腰部脊柱管狭窄症, 桂枝茯苓丸, 随症治療

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A case of the pain and numbness on the plantar due to the lumbar spinal canal stenosis treated satisfactorily with keishibukuryogan and mexiletine

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**Abstract**: We reported a case of the pain and the numbness on the plantar due to lumbar spinal canal stenosis treated satisfactorily with keishibukuryogan and mexiletine. A female in her sixties suffered from the pain and the numbness on the plantar due to lumbar canal stenosis. The pain was not fully reduced by the nerve block and the medication therapies. When goshajinkigan (TJ-107) was administered, it was not effective for the pain. Then, keishibukuryogan (TJ-25) was prescribed according to the kampo diagnosis "sho", and the pain has relieved. After the addition of mexiletine which was not satisfactorily effective for the numbness at first, it was improved.

It was suggested that the combination of kampo medicine selected by the kampo diagnosis "sho" and western medicine should be effective for the treatment of the pain and the numbness on the plantar due to lumbar spinal canal stenosis.

**Key words**: lumbar spinal canal stenosis, keishibukuryogan, "Sho" based treatment

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