## 身体表現性障害患者に対する漢方治療

要旨:今回我々はペインクリニックを受診した身体表現性障害患者2例に対して西洋薬に加えて漢方治療を行ったので報告する. 症例1は17歳の男性で,両側顔面の疼痛に対し,塩酸セルトラリン,抑肝散,修治ブシ末の内服で症状は改善した. 症例2は55歳の男性で,顔面のビリビリする感覚に対し,スルピリド,柴胡加竜骨牡蠣湯,大建中湯の内服で症状のコントロールは良好であった. 漢方薬は依存や乱用が少ないため,身体表現性障害の薬物療法として西洋薬に加えて,積極的に用いるべき治療法であると考えられた. 加えて,東洋医学的診察法は,この様な身体表現性障害の患者の診察法としても有用であると考えられた.

索引用語:身体表現性障害, 漢方治療, ペインクリニック

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## Kampo therapy for two cases of somatoform disorders.

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**Abstract**: We experienced two cases of somatoform disorders which were treated with both kampo and western medicines.

Case 1 was a teenager with bilatelal faciocephalalgia which symptom was relieved by the combination of sertraline hydrochloride, yokukansan and shuchi-bushi-matsu. Case 2 was a man in his 50s with facial tingle sensations. Their symptom was relieved by the combination of sulpiride, saikokaryukotsuboreito and daikenchuto.

Kampo medicines should be used on somatoform disorder patients in addition to western medicines because kampo medicines are known as their less dependency and abuse. In addition, it seems that the examination method of kampo medicines were useful for the patients with somatoform disorder.

**Key words**: somatoform disorder, kampo medicine, pain clinic

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