症例報告

進行がん患者に対する黄連解毒湯の使用経験

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要旨:悪液質に代表されるがん患者特有の全身性炎症状態や,転移・浸潤による局所の炎症に対する清熱作用を期待して,黄連解毒湯をがん患者の症状緩和目的に使用している. 2008 年から 2015 年までの黄連解毒湯処方例を後方視的に検討した. 全処方患者数 57 例のうち,がん患者は 53 例で,全例が転移や浸潤によって何らかの症状を呈した進行がんであった.肺がん 14 例,大腸がん 7 例,乳がんおよび腎がん 6 例,食道がん 4 例,胃がん 3 例その他 9 例であった.脳転移 16 例,脳腫瘍 2 例,椎体転移(脊髄浸潤含む)23 例,肝転移 6 例などであった.鎮痛薬やステロイド,放射線治療などを併用している症例もあるが,明らかに黄連解毒湯の関与によって症状が緩和されていると考えられた症状は痛み15 例(無効 7 例),黄疸などの掻痒感 6 例(無効 1 例),脳転移による眩暈・ふらつき 5 例(無効 1 例),意識状態の改善 3 例であった.吐血,下血および喀血に処方した 6 例は再燃なく経過した.

索引用語:黄連解毒湯,緩和ケア,がん

PAIN AND KAMPO MEDICINE Vol.26 (2016)

Efficacy of orengedokuto for advanced cancer patient

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Abstract: We use orengedokuto, which has a heat removing action, to relieve symptoms of systemic inflammatory conditions associated with cancer such as cachexia and local inflammation resulting from metastases and invasion. We retrospectively studied patients prescribed with orengedokuto between 2008 and 2015. Of a total of 57 patients prescribed with orengedokuto, 53 patients had cancer, all at an advanced stage, presenting with some kind of symptoms resulting from metastases or invasion. The cancer types were lung cancer in 14 patients, colorectal cancer in 7 patients, breast cancer in 6 patients, renal cancer in 6 patients, esophageal cancer in 4 patients, gastric cancer in 3 patients, and others in 9 patients. Sixteen patients had brain metastasis, 3 patients had brain tumor, 23 patients had vertebral body metastasis (including spinal infiltration), and 6 patients had liver metastasis. It was considered that the use of orengedokuto clearly improved the symptoms of pain in 15 patients (10 nonresponders), itching sensation associated with jaundice, etc., in 6 patients (1 nonresponder), dizziness and light-headedness associated with brain metastasis in 5 patients (1 non-responder), and the level of consciousness in 2 patients, albeit concurrent use of analgesic agents, steroids, and radiotherapy. No relapse occurred in the 6 patients who were prescribed orengedokuto for hematemesis, melena, and hemoptysis.

Key words: orengedokuto, palliative care, cancer

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