臨床経験

原因不明の右季肋部痛に大柴胡湯が奏効した 1 症例

要旨:西洋医学的諸検査で原因を特定できなかった季肋部痛に漢方治療が奏効した症例を経験した.症例は50歳の女性で,右季肋部痛を主訴として当科を受診した.血液検査・胸椎単純 X 線・腹部エコー・胸腹部 CT 検査にて異常所見は認めず,西洋医学的には原因は特定できなかった.東洋医学的に診断し,腹診上,腹力が強く,強い胸脇苦満・心下痞鞕を認めたため大柴胡湯エキスを投与した.内服開始約1週間後より,睡眠や肩こり・耳鳴りの改善とともに右季肋部痛の改善をみた.諸兄からのこれまでの報告にもあるとおり,大柴胡湯はストレスにより生じている胸腹部領域の各種疼痛疾患に有効である可能性がある.

索引用語:季肋部痛,大柴胡湯,腹診

PAIN AND KAMPO MEDICINE Vol.26 (2016)

Successful treatment with daisaikoto for a patient suffering from hypochondralgia. Kenji TAKEUCHI*¹, Hiroaki OHARA*², Kayo TSUGITA*¹, Michiko KITAMURA*¹, Ritsuko SAITO*¹, Satoshi SHINE*¹, Junji MORIYA*³ and Junichi YAMAKAWA*³

Abstract: Patient was a 50-year-old female suffering from hypochondralgia. Daisaikoto was administered from the viewpoint of the abdominal examination according to the Kampo theory. About one week after the administration of daisaikoto, the pain was gradually disappeared along with the improvement of insomnia, shoulder stiffness and tinnitus. It was suggested that the hypochondralgia should be the important symptom on choosing daisaikoto.

Key words: hypochondralgia, daisaikoto, abdominal examination

 ^{*1} Department of Anesthesiology, Fukui Saiseikai Hospital
Offprint requests to: Kenji TAKEUCHI, Department of Anesthesiology, Fukui Saiseikai Hospital.
7-1 Funabashi, Wadanaka-cho, Fukui-shi, Fukui 918-8503, Japan

^{* &}lt;sup>2</sup> Department of Anesthesiology, Fukui Katsuyama General Hospital

^{* &}lt;sup>3</sup> Department of General Medicine, Kanazawa Medical University